ANNUAL REPORT

of the

SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL
OF AUSTRALIA

for the year

1969-70

CANBERRA
The Social Science Research Council of Australia
1970
THE SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL
OF AUSTRALIA

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS 1969-70

Chairman
Professor R. I. Downing

Secretary
Emeritus Professor H. Burton

Honorary Treasurer
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National Library Building, Canberra

Postal Address
G.P.O. Box 77, Canberra, A.C.T. 2600
Telephone 73 1869
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COMMITTEES OF THE COUNCIL 1969-70

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Professor R. I. Downing (Chairman)
Professor R. T. Appleyard
Professor A. F. Davies
Professor C. A. Gibb
Professor R. F. Henderson

Professor P. Lawrence
Professor G. H. Lawton
Professor H. Mayer
The Secretary

The Honorary Treasurer

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Professor R. I. Downing (Chairman)
The Honorary Treasurer

The Secretary

MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE

Professor J. M. Ward (Convener)
Professor H. W. Arndt
Professor A. F. Davies

Professor A. L. Epstein
Professor J. P. Sutcliffe

TRAVEL AND RESEARCH GRANTS COMMITTEE

Professor W. F. Connell (Convener)
Professor K. J. Hancock

Professor G. Greenwood
ORIGINS OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL

The present Council owes its origins to the initiative of a group of social scientists in 1942\(^1\). The archives of the Australian National Research Council, now in the National Library of Australia in Canberra, show that several social scientists who were members of the Committee on National Morale appointed by the Prime Minister, Mr. J. W. Curtin, took the first steps to set up a national body for research in the social sciences. They held informal talks with the Executive Committee of the Australian National Research Council on the possibility of its being the midwife for the new baby. This was a logical request since the A.N.R.C. had long been recognised as the national body for scientific research in Australia; unlike the Australian Academy of Science to which it gave place in 1954 it embraced the social as well as the natural sciences.\(^2\)

As a result of these discussions the A.N.R.C. appointed a "Committee to Report" on the proposal, under the chairmanship of Professor R. C. Mills. The "Committee to Report" met on 21 November, 1942 and prepared a report recommending the establishment of an Australian Social Science Council. It pointed to the need for stimulating and planning research, and to the existence of such bodies in other countries. As a result of this report, and further discussions early in 1943, it was agreed that the new body should begin as the Provisional Social Science Research Committee of the Australian National Research Council. By this time Professor Mills had been appointed Chairman of the Australian Universities Commission recently established by the Commonwealth Government; although he accepted appointment to the Provisional Committee he no longer took a leading role. In April, 1943 the parent body invited fifteen social scientists to join the Committee and appointed Dr. K. S. Cunningham (Director of the Australian Council for Educational Research) as Chairman, with Professor E. R. Walker as Secretary. The Committee also had power to co-opt additional members. Subsequently Dr. Cunningham was elected as Chairman and the Committee worked under his leadership until it became an autonomous Council some nine years later.

The first meeting of the Provisional Committee was held in the headquarters of the Australian Council for Educational Research, Melbourne, on 31 August-1 September, 1943. The terms of its charter provided that it could become an independent body on its own initiative by giving six months' notice; it was responsible for its own programme of activities and controlled its own membership. Its sole obligation to its parent body was to submit each year a report on its activities. In November, 1944 after consultation it was agreed to drop the adjective "provisional" from the title and to become a special committee of the Australian National Research Council.3

For the first few years the Social Science Research Committee had a somewhat precarious life since it had no assured financial resources. The initial meeting in August 1943, and several subsequent meetings, were made possible by a grant from the Australian Council for Educational Research from a sum of money which the Carnegie Corporation of New York had placed at its disposal for such purposes. This sum was exhausted by 1946. The Australian National Research Council also provided a small subsidy to meet clerical and administrative expenses. In 1947 the Minister for Post-War Reconstruction invited the Committee to act as the Unesco National Co-operating Body for the Social Sciences and this solved the problem of expenses for annual meetings. In spite of financial difficulties the Committee sponsored the publication of *Australian Social Science Abstracts*, eighteen numbers of which appeared between March 1946 and November 1954. The financial problems were not solved until 1953 from which date the Commonwealth Government provided an annual grant, primarily to meet administration costs. In the same year the Carnegie Corporation of New York awarded a grant of $8,000 a year for five years to support an approved research programme.

By 1951 there was a growing feeling that the time had come for the Committee to become an independent body. At the annual meeting in March 1951 a sub-committee was appointed to report on the question of re-defining the nature and functions of the Committee, and its relations with the Australian National Research Council. The next meeting in February 1952 resolved in favour of an autonomous Council, and set up a sub-committee to draft a constitution. Since this development had been contemplated from the outset the decision was

accepted by the Australian National Research Council which in March 1952 also confirmed the appointment of Sir Douglas Copland as Chairman and Mr. W. D. Borrie as Secretary. The draft constitution was approved at a meeting on 21 August, 1952, and all members of the former Committee were invited to accept membership of the new Social Science Research Council of Australia. Its first meeting was held a year later on 13 August, 1953; the membership of the Council in May 1953 numbered forty-four.

Later History of the Council

For several years after it achieved its new status the Council operated without any redefinition of its functions and constitution. However, the grant of a royal charter to the Australian Academy of Science in 1954 was followed by proposals to set up either an Academy or a Council of the Humanities. This caused the Council in June 1955 to consider the matter of its own name and constitution. A committee under the chairmanship of Professor Julius Stone recommended in October 1955 that the Council "(a) should become an incorporated body; (b) should proceed by petition to seek a Royal Charter, and to request that existing members should be incorporated as Fellows; (c) after incorporation close attention should be given to the formation of a wider grade of Associate or Member; (d) that the adoption of the name of Academy might be considered in due course in the light of the establishment of the Australian Humanities Research Council and its possible association with the S.S.R.C." The Executive Committee agreed in principle with the first three proposals, and undertook to discuss the fourth with the founders of the new body being planned to represent scholars in the humanities.

As a result Council resolved in May 1956 that it "should seek incorporation under that body of Australian law most appropriate to the Council", and that "the question of seeking a royal charter should be considered at the first general meeting after incorporation". In June 1957 the Council became in incorporated association under the law of the Australian Capital Territory; it still retains this status. No action was taken at the annual general meeting in June 1958 to consider seeking a royal charter in accordance with the resolution of May 1956. The matter was either ignored or forgotten for another ten years, in short until the Australian Humanities Research Council announced its intention of seeking the status of an Academy by royal charter. As a
result there has been a revival of interest in the subject since 1967, and this has been stimulated by the recent grant of a royal charter (June 1970) to the Australian Academy of the Humanities. The Executive Committee has been asked to prepare a report and recommendations for the Council meeting in November 1970.

Functions of the Council

There has been no change of substance in the functions of the Council since it became an autonomous body in 1952, although its activities have widened in scope. Its functions as defined upon incorporation in June 1957 were defined as below:

(i) to encourage the advancement of the social sciences in Australia;
(ii) to act as a co-ordinating group for the promotion of research and teaching in the social sciences;
(iii) to foster research and to subsidise the publication of studies in the social sciences;
(iv) to encourage and assist in the formation of other national associations or institutions for the promotion of the social sciences or any branch of them;
(v) to act as the Australian national member of international organisations concerned with social sciences; and
(vi) to act as consultant and adviser in regard to the social sciences.

The constitution of the Council was printed in full in the Annual Reports from 1957 to 1961. Since that date it has been issued as a separate booklet (Rules of the Social Science Research Council of Australia Incorporated), the last edition being printed in 1969. A copy of the Rules is sent to all members upon their election to the Council.

Support and Activities

Since 1953 the Council has received an annual grant from the Commonwealth Government. During its early years the Council also received a special grant of $40,000, spread over five years, from the Carnegie Corporation of New York to assist in the carrying out of research programmes. Thanks to this generous help the Council was able to sponsor major research projects of its own choosing instead of confining itself to assisting scholars engaged on their own research and to subsidising scholarly journals. The first such project resulted in the
publication of a work of outstanding importance on the place of women in Australian society (Norman McKenzie: *Women in Australia*, F. W. Cheshire, Melbourne, 1962). This was followed by a co-operative study of a significant subject *Taxation in Australia: Agenda for Reform* (Melbourne University Press, 1964) by R. I. Downing, H. W. Arndt, A. H. Boxer and R. L. Mathews. In 1964 the Council with the support of the Myer Foundation embarked upon a project of great current interest with a survey of Aborigines in Australian Society. Mr. C. D. Rowley (now Professor of Political Studies in the University of Papua and New Guinea) was appointed Director of the Project, and succeeded in enlisting the co-operation of research workers in the majority of Australian universities. The success of this venture was made possible by the financial support of the Myer Foundation ($68,000) and the Sydney Myer Charity Trust ($10,000) which together contributed three-quarters of the total cost of the Project; the balance came from the Council's own resources. The results of this survey are now being published for the Council by the Australian National University Press and the first five volumes will appear late in 1970 (see also pages 11-12).

When the Aborigines Project was well advanced the Council decided in November 1966 that the next major project should be a study of Post-War Immigration to Australia, and its impact on the Australian community. A Project Committee was set up and in 1967 Professor R. T. Appleyard and Dr. C. A. Price were appointed as honorary directors to organise studies in the economic and social-cultural fields respectively. The progress of this project is described later in this report (see pages 12-15).

Apart from major research projects the Council continues to subsidise scholarly journals and the publication of research by social scientists; it also provides financial assistance for the organisation of specialised academic conferences and seminars. For some years past research grants to individual scholars have been confined to travel grants to those undertaking research in the countries of South East Asia and the Pacific; this policy seems the more appropriate since the establishment of the Australian Research Grants Committee in 1965. This body makes grants to individual or group projects but does not normally provide for travel outside Australia.

In the financing of its research programmes the Council has had to turn increasingly to outside sources such as educational foundations and
business firms. Its success in this field has been helped by the decision of the Commonwealth Government in August 1964 to grant exemption from income tax on gifts to the Council for research purposes. However donations for other important activities, for example a seminar on mathematics for social scientists would not qualify for such a concession. The Council is therefore seeking from the Commonwealth the privilege (enjoyed by many other educational and research institutions) that all donations should be eligible as income-tax deductions.
MAJOR RESEARCH PROJECTS

The Aborigines Project. The heads of the agreement reached between the Council and the Australian National University Press late in 1968 for the publication of studies resulting from this project were set out in the last annual report. A more detailed agreement was made between the Council and the Press on 22 June 1970. The Executive Committee at its meeting on 22 May 1970 approved the Press’s proposals for the publication of the first five volumes of the series Aborigines in Australian Society. These are expected to appear between September and December of this year, and the Council has paid a subsidy of $4,000 towards the production of these five volumes. They are as below:

(1) F. Lancaster Jones: The Structure and Growth of Australia’s Population;
(2) R. Taft, J. L. M. Dawson and P. H. Beasley: Attitudes and Social Conditions;
(3) J. P. M. Long: Aboriginal Settlements;
(4) C. D. Rowley: The Destruction of Aboriginal Society;
(5) H. P. Schapper: Aboriginal Advancement to Integration.

Two further volumes on Aboriginal Policy and Practice by C. D. Rowley are with the Press and are expected to appear early next year. The study of people of Aboriginal descent living in the metropolitan area of Brisbane, Look Forward not Back by Hazel M. Smith and Ellen Biddle, has also been accepted for publication and should appear in 1971. The manuscript by F. Stevens: Aboriginal Labour in the Pastoral Industry of the Northern Territory is being revised for submission
to the Press. The Council hopes that studies on Aborigines in the Adelaide Urban Area, on the health of Aborigines in New South Wales, and on Aborigines and the administration of justice will be available in the course of next year.

After payment of the subsidy to the Australian National University Press, the Aborigines Project Account had a balance at 30 June 1970 of $2,024 which can be used to subsidise the publication of further volumes. Both the Myer Foundation and the Council of Aboriginal Affairs continue to take a keen interest in the publication of the survey, and the Council is doing all it can to achieve this as quickly as possible.

*The Post-War Immigration Project.* This project, begun in 1967, is an even more ambitious project than the Aborigines Project. It continues to make good progress under the two honorary directors, Professor R. T. Appleyard for economic studies and Dr. C. A. Price for social-cultural studies. The initiation and scope of the project has been described in earlier reports, and the work continues to make good progress. Dr. A. Hunter resigned from the Project Committee but its composition has changed very little since 1967. Professor W. D. Borrie is Chairman and Convener, the other Council members on the Committee (besides the Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer *ex officio*) are Professors R. T. Appleyard, H. W. Arndt, A. F. Davies, H. R. Edwards, P. Scott, R. Taft and Dr. C. A. Price. The Department of Immigration has two representatives on the Committee, which has met twice during the past year. The Department continues to take a keen interest in the work to which it is contributing $50,000 over a period of five years. In terms of financial support this has been the main contribution, but the Department of Demography of the Australian National University is contributing directly to the project through its research programme. Dr. Price, in addition to directing the social-cultural studies, is himself engaged on immigration research, while two other members of his department (Dr. E. F. Kunz and Dr. I. H. Burnley) are engaged on studies which form part of the total project. Similarly the University of Western Australia makes available the services of Professor R. T. Appleyard as an honorary director and supports his own research.

The main support so far has come from the two sources mentioned above. But in addition substantial support has been received from industry, from educational foundations, and from the Australian
Research Grants Committee. The major contributions from these sources are set out below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Broken Hill Proprietary Co. Ltd.</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
<td>(over five years)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australian Research Grants Committee</td>
<td>10,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reserve Bank of Australia: Economic Research Fund</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Myer Foundation (research fellowship)</td>
<td>7,850</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shell Company of Australia Ltd.</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>British Petroleum Company of Australia Ltd.</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>(over five years)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parkes Development Pty. Ltd.</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>(over three years)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H. C. Sleigh Ltd.</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition the Council itself has made grants in aid from its reserves totalling $18,000. Its capacity to continue this support has now virtually disappeared owing to the decline in its accumulated funds over the past three years; also the Commonwealth Government is unwilling to make direct grants to the Council for research projects since the Australian Research Grants Committee has taken over this function.

The Australian Research Grants Committee has further assisted the project by a grant of $4,700 to enable Professor Appleyard to employ a research assistant on economic studies. Mr. J. J. Nightingale of the University of New South Wales was appointed to this position and took up his post in January 1970. In June 1969 the Executive Committee approved the appointment of a second Research Fellow to undertake a study of the contribution of immigrants to one or more of our major industries. This analysis would include the problems of management in industry, and also the problems of the migrants themselves. Mr. J. J. Quilkey (of the University of New England) was appointed to the fellowship and began work in February 1970. Mr. Quilkey has chosen the automobile industry as a subject of study since this is one which employs a large proportion of immigrants in its work force. The other research fellow, Mrs. M. Salter, has continued her work on Professional Immigrant Manpower in Australia and her project is well advanced.

In the field of social-cultural studies Dr. Price has for the most part followed the practice of supporting research projects already under way in various universities. Two new studies in this field have been
approved by the Executive Committee of the Council during the course of the year. A grant of $1,000 has been made to Miss S. Lindsay Thompson for a study of migrants who have returned to Italy, to find out the reasons which have induced them to return to their homeland. The other grant ($1,575) has been made to Dr. E. H. Cole (University of Sydney) to carry out a study of Italian Adolescents in Sydney.

Projects which have been supported by the Council are now beginning to bear fruit. Professor Taft's analysis of the Jewish Community has appeared as an article "The Current Status of Former Jewish Refugees in Melbourne" in the Australian and New Zealand Journal of Sociology Vol. 6 No. 1, April 1970. Dr. Ruth Johnston has completed her study of Polish, German and British Migrants in Perth and it is now being considered for publication. A study of Displaced Persons' Organisations by Professor Jean Martin is nearing completion.

The progress of the Project was greatly helped by a seminar on the subject of immigration held in the Australian National University from 20 to 22 May 1970. The purpose of the Seminar was to bring together all the research workers engaged on the Project for a free exchange of ideas. It enabled them to discuss their work and their problems with economists, demographers, political scientists, psychologists and others. The Seminar was attended by eight members of the Department of Immigration, and also by Dr. E. Ziegler from the Department of Manpower and Immigration, Canada. The Seminar proved most valuable to all those engaged on the Project. About fifty people attended the Seminar and Council is grateful to the Australian National University, and especially to Dr. C. A. Price, who was mainly responsible for the organisation of the venture.

Since the Project began Council has approved grants which amount to about $112,115. For convenience this information is set out opposite.

Women in Australia. This excellent study was undertaken by Mr. Norman MacKenzie as a major research project sponsored by the Council. It was published by F. W. Cheshire, Melbourne in 1962 and has now been out of print for some five years. At the request of the Council Cheshire undertook to bring out a new and revised edition to bring it up to date. By agreement between the author and the publisher Professor S. Encel undertook the revision of the book for a new edition. This should be completed soon and it is expected to appear under the title of Women and Society: An Australian Study.
## IMMIGRATION RESEARCH PROJECT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recipient</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Grants Approved $</th>
<th>Grants paid to 30/6/70 $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Professor H.R. Edwards, Macquarie University</td>
<td>Survey of Consumer Finances.</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor S. B. Hammond, University of Melbourne.</td>
<td>Second Generation Migrants in Melbourne.</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor R. F. Henderson, University of Melbourne.</td>
<td>Survey of Living Conditions in Melbourne.</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. Ruth Johnston, University of Western Australia.</td>
<td>Study of Polish, German and British Children in Perth.</td>
<td>6,500</td>
<td>3,762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor Jean Martin, La Trobe University.</td>
<td>Displaced Persons' Organisations.</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Vara Sauran, University of New South Wales.</td>
<td>Australian Attitudes towards Migrant Peoples.</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor R. Taft, Monash University.</td>
<td>Jewish Displaced Persons in Melbourne.</td>
<td>1,300</td>
<td>1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor W. F. Connell, University of Sydney.</td>
<td>Survey of Adolescents in Sydney.</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor P. J. Fensham and Professor R. Taft.</td>
<td>Migrant School Children in Melbourne.</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. E. Isaacs, Sydney.</td>
<td>Greek School Children in Redfern.</td>
<td>6,500</td>
<td>3,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. A. Stoller and Dr. Krupinski, Melbourne.</td>
<td>Mental Health of Displaced Persons.</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td>4,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. M. Salter, S.S.R.C. Fellow.</td>
<td>Professional Immigrant Manpower in Australia. (Estimated cost of total study.)</td>
<td>27,000</td>
<td>7,962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. A. G. Doczy, University of Newcastle.</td>
<td>Adjustment of Non-British School Children in Australian Schools.</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. P. R. Wilson, University of Queensland.</td>
<td>Political Attitudes of Immigrants in Brisbane.</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. J. J. Quilkey, University of New England.</td>
<td>Research Fellow for Industry Study (three years).</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>3,255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. J. J. Nightingale, University of New South Wales.</td>
<td>Research Assistant, Economic Studies. (Three years.)</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss S. Lindsay Thompson, Italy.</td>
<td>Returned Italian Migrants.</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. E. H. Cole, University of Sydney.</td>
<td>Italian Adolescents in Sydney.</td>
<td>1,575</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*It should be noted that the cost of Mr. Nightingale's appointment is now being met by a grant from the Australian Research Grants Committee, making a saving of $11,583. In the case of Dr. Ruth Johnston, she was able to complete her project sooner than was expected and the Council has therefore made a saving of $2,738.*
INDIVIDUAL RESEARCH GRANTS

For some years past the Council has ceased to invite applications for research grants from scholars in the social sciences except in two special cases. These special cases are: (a) projects that would contribute to a major research project sponsored by the Council itself; (b) those that are related to the countries of South East Asia. The latter are described in more detail in the next section of the Report.

Since the Australian Research Grants Committee was established in 1965 the Council has not felt the same need to support research workers throughout the social sciences. Consequently it has confined its grants to the two categories mentioned above. It will be noted that many of the studies embraced within the Immigration Project have been supported by Council awards. The Council wishes to concentrate its awards on one major programme rather than scatter them widely over the whole range of the social sciences. It would be open to the Council to revert to its former policy if circumstances were to change.

ASIAN AND PACIFIC RESEARCH TRAVEL GRANTS

These travel grants (formerly known as South-East Asian Research Travel Grants) constitute the other main exception to the general policy of the Council with regard to research awards. These grants were introduced in 1965 so that Australian scholars might be encouraged to undertake research in these countries which will inevitably be linked with the future of Australia. The Council recognised a particular responsibility to assist research in these areas, because before World War II they had been neglected or largely ignored.

The Council’s policy in making these grants is primarily to supplement funds which a research worker is able to obtain from other sources, including his own university or institution. Frequently a scholar is able to obtain some research funds from his own institution but is unable to meet the cost of travel to carry out field-work, or to use the resources of overseas libraries. The research grants awarded by the Australian Research Grants Committee do not normally provide for these costs; hence these grants are designed to meet some if not all of the cost of fares.

During the last two years the scope of the scheme has been widened. Scholars may now apply for grants not only to visit the countries of
## TRAVEL GRANTS PAID IN 1969-70

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recipient</th>
<th>Research Project</th>
<th>Amount of Grant $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr S. Ambirajan, Senior Lecturer in Economics, University of New South Wales</td>
<td>Economic Evolution in South India.</td>
<td>1,050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. J. G. Caiger, Lecturer, Faculty of Oriental Studies, Australian National University</td>
<td>Controversies involving two historians in post-war Japan.</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. D. L. Hilliard, Lecturer in History, Flinders University, S.A.</td>
<td>A History of the Anglican Mission in Melanesia</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$1,700

## TRAVEL GRANTS AWARDED IN 1969-70

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recipient</th>
<th>Research Project</th>
<th>Amount of Grant $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mr. B. H. Crew, Senior Lecturer, Centre for Continuing Education, Australian National University</td>
<td>Education and Development in India.</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. E. Dayal, Lecturer in Geography, Wollongong University College</td>
<td>Pressure of the Cattle Population in India</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. P. J. Eldridge, Lecturer in Political Science, University of Tasmania</td>
<td>Australian Aid to Indonesia</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. P. G. Irwin, Senior Lecturer in Geography, University of New South Wales</td>
<td>Processing of Cash Crops in a Developing Economy (New Guinea)</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor R. Kumar, Professor of History, University of New South Wales</td>
<td>Politics in the City of Bombay (1919-39)</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. K. S. Liew, Lecturer in History, University of Tasmania</td>
<td>Democracy and British Attitudes and Policies in China pre 1911 (Hong Kong)</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. G. E. O'Brien, Senior Lecturer in Psychology, Flinders University, S.A.</td>
<td>Job Satisfaction of New Guinea Policemen</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. J. Raj, Senior Lecturer in History, University of Queensland</td>
<td>British Impact and Change in North India in the 19th Century</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. H. Schütte, Lecturer in Sociology, La Trobe University</td>
<td>Study of Cooperatives in New Guinea</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. J. A. A. Stockwin, Senior Lecturer in Political Science, Australian National University</td>
<td>Contemporary Japanese Government</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$5,000
South-East Asia, but also the countries of the South Pacific including New Guinea. However the grants are not available for research work in the Northern Territory.

Most of these awards are used during the Australian summer vacation (from November to February), and the maximum period for which a grant is made is four months. The value of the award has remained unchanged at the rate of $300 per month, with a maximum of $1,200.

SUBSIDIES TO SCHOLARLY JOURNALS

In accordance with its objective of promoting research in the social sciences Council has for many years past given financial assistance to scholarly journals which find it difficult to meet costs while maintaining high academic and production standards. A survey of the views of members of the Council carried out in 1967 showed that a great majority of members were in favour of this use of Council's resources; most members would be happy to see a larger proportion of the Council's funds used in this way. In making these grants Council looks carefully at the financial management of the journal in question to see whether all reasonable efforts have been made to achieve financial stability. It is gratifying to find that the majority of the journals published in the social sciences in Australia have at some period received grants from the Council. Such grants are normally made over a period of three years by which time the journal is generally well established.

In the year 1969-70 the Council received two applications for assistance, but one of these was withdrawn later. Council approved a grant of $1,200 to the Journal of Pacific History over a period of three years. The final instalment ($600) of the grant of $1,800 was paid to the Australasian Political Studies Association in support of its journal Politics.

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF RESEARCH IN THE SOCIAL SCIENCES

Although there have been many requests to the Council to continue this work there have not been sufficient resources to carry it on. The Council has published three volumes of its Bibliography of Research in the Social Sciences in Australia. The last of these, covering the period 1960-63, was published in 1966 by the Australian National University
Press. This, and the two earlier volumes which cover the periods 1954-57 and 1957-60, are still in print and copies may be obtained from the Council.

The Council recognises that it is important that bibliographies of published work continue to be made available, even though its own resources make it impossible for it to undertake the compilation. It also recognises that the National Library of Australia has an interest in the publication of bibliographies of published work in the social sciences (as in other areas of research) and that the bibliographies it has been preparing for some years do in fact provide a pretty complete record of such work. It has been suggested that the Commonwealth Department of Education and Science may in the future be interested in the production of bibliographies of work in progress. The Executive Committee of the Council, therefore, keeps in touch with the National Library and the Department of Education and Science with a view to exploring possibilities of the Council's co-operating with these organisations in recording work in progress in social science research.

At its annual meeting in November 1968 the Council approved a proposal that the National Library and the Council might proceed to the joint appointment of a bibliographer/information officer who would be housed in the National Library and serve both bodies. It was thought that such an appointment would enable Council, in conjunction with the National Library, to resume publication of the bibliographies. The National Librarian agreed to this proposal, but unfortunately Council received no increase in the annual grant in 1969 and so was unable to proceed. The proposal has therefore been deferred.

MEMBERSHIP

According to Rule 3(2)(a) of the Council's Rules, "persons who are deemed to have achieved distinction in one or more branches of the social sciences may be elected to membership of the Council if (i) they are nominated by one member and seconded by two other members and (ii) they are recommended by the Membership Committee after investigation of their eligibility and (iii) they receive the support of a majority of the members for the time being at a postal ballot".

In August 1969 three new members were elected to Council. These were Professor L. Goldberg (University of Melbourne), Dr. E.
Kamenka (Australian National University) and Professor A. H. Pollard (Macquarie University).

The Council accepted with regret the resignations of Professor R. H. Greenwood and Professor M. G. Marwick, both of whom have accepted appointments overseas.

At the annual meeting of Council in November 1969 Sir Paul Hasluck and Professor F. Alexander were elected to honorary membership on the unanimous recommendation of the Executive Committee. The constitution of the Council provides for five honorary members and four of our members now enjoy that distinction.

At its meeting on 22 May 1970, the Executive Committee resolved to recommend that the annual subscription for members should be raised from $10.50 to $20.00 a year. This proposal will come to Council in November 1970; if adopted it will not take effect until July 1971. The Executive Committee is also considering ways in which the nomination of new members may be improved, and will probably make recommendations on this subject to the next Council meeting.

OTHER COUNCIL ACTIVITIES

Committee on Research in the Social Sciences

For some years past the Council has been concerned about the state of research in the social sciences in Australia (see previous Annual Reports from 1967 to 1969). It was clear that far less of our national resources was being devoted to the social sciences than to the natural and applied sciences. But even if funds were adequate it was felt that there were a number of factors hindering research in the social sciences.

In order to obtain a fuller picture of the situation the Chairman (Professor P. H. Partridge) in 1967 invited Professor R. T. Appleyard to undertake An Enquiry into the Problems of conducting Research in the Social Sciences in Australian Universities. The enquiry was conducted by means of a questionnaire, and also by personal interviews and submissions. The final report was presented to Council in November 1968. It stressed the fact that research was hampered not only by inadequate funds but also by the heavy teaching and administrative loads carried by members of university staffs. One of the main recommendations was for the creation of more research posts, including some which could be held for a short term of a year or less.
At this stage Council set up a Committee under Professor R. T. Appleyard as Chairman, to prepare a brief report and recommendations to be presented to the Australian Research Grants Committee and the Commonwealth Government. The Committee consisted of Professor R. T. Appleyard (Chairman), Professor R. H. Day (Deputy Chairman), Professor K. J. Hancock, Professor H. Mayer, Dr. M. E. Osborne, Mr. L. Peres and Professor M. G. Swift. The Report was completed in May 1969 and was used as a basis for discussions with the Australian Research Grants Committee in the following month. Its main recommendations were the establishment within the Social Science Research Council of a research secretariat under a full-time director, with the status and salary of a professor, and assisted by a small permanent staff.

These recommendations were endorsed at the annual meeting of Council in November 1969, and the Executive Committee was asked to take the necessary steps to make this effective. The executive officers met the Minister for Education and Science on 6 May 1970 and put the case to the Minister and the Commonwealth Government. At the time of writing this report it was learned that the annual grant had been increased from $21,000 to $27,500. However the additional funds of $6,500 represented a special grant for the Seminar on Mathematics for Social Scientists (see below, page 22); there has been no increase in the grant for the other activities of Council. It will be virtually impossible, therefore, to set up a full-time research secretariat in the financial year 1970-71.

Census Users' Committee. This Committee was set up by the Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics in July 1968. Since research workers in the social sciences are among the main consumers of statistics the Council was invited to nominate seven members of the Committee. The members originally nominated by the Council were Professor R. H. Black, Professor W. F. Connell, Professor J. P. Sutcliffe, Dr. D. S. Ironmonger, Dr. K. S. Basavarajappa, Dr. F. Lancaster Jones and Dr. M. J. Kahan. The Committee has met several times since its inaugural meeting on 22 July 1968, and the Commonwealth Statistician reported in August 1969 that a number of the suggestions made by the Committee were adopted in drawing up the schedule for the 1971 Census.

During the year Professor J. P. Sutcliffe resigned from the Committee and his place has been taken by Professor W. D. Borrie.
National Seminars on Social Science Problems. In November 1968 the Council resolved that one of its most important functions was to organise national seminars on major research problems in the social sciences. It authorised the holding of a seminar on *Post-War Immigration to Australia* in the course of 1969, foreseeing that such a seminar would be extremely helpful to Council's major research project. For various reasons it proved impossible to hold this seminar during 1969. However, with the assistance of the Australian National University and especially of Dr. Price, Mrs. Salter and the Department of Demography, the Seminar was held in the University over 20-22 May 1970. About fifty people attended and the seminar was a conspicuous success. It is referred to earlier in reporting the progress of the Immigration Project.

Committee on Mathematics in the Social Sciences. The establishment of this Committee and its composition is described in the Annual Report for 1968-69. The personnel of the Committee has remained unchanged during the year 1969-70 except that Dr. R. D. Terrell (A.N.U.) has acted as a proxy for Professor J. D. Pitchford while the latter has been on study leave. Under the leadership of Professor J. P. Sutcliffe this has been an active Committee, and it has met twice during the year. At its last meeting on 9 May 1970 it recommended the holding of a Seminar on Mathematics for Social Sciences between 13 January and 12 February 1970.

This recommendation was approved by the Executive Committee at its meeting on 22 May 1970. The Australian National University has once again been helpful to Council: it is making available class-rooms for the Seminar and accommodation for participants in a hall of residence.

Proposed Seminar on Inter-Governmental Relations. The Executive Committee has been considering the possibility of a national seminar on this important subject. A planning committee consisting of Professor R. L. Mathews, Professor G. Sawer and Mr. R. May (Reserve Bank of Australia) has been set up to examine the proposal and to report back to Council.

Proposed Social Survey Organisation. In November 1969 Council discussed the possibility of setting up a Social Survey Organisation which would be independent both of government departments and commercial enterprises. There was warm agreement that such an organisation would
be extremely valuable, but it was recognised that there would be many
difficulties in establishing such a body on a national scale. Professor
R. F. Henderson was invited to set up a working-party to look into the
possibility of organising such a unit.

Study Group on Population Problems. The Council has received an
invitation from the Australian Academy of Science to nominate two
members to a Study Group on Population Growth and the Australian
Future. Professor W. D. Borrie and Professor R. I. Downing have been
nominated to represent the social sciences in this study. Council wel­
comes such opportunities of collaborating with its sister institutions in
the natural sciences and the humanities.

Further Studies on Aboriginal Affairs. The Council has received an
invitation from Dr. Coombs, Chairman of the Council for Aboriginal
Affairs, to co-operate with it and the Australian Institute of Aboriginal
Studies in setting up a Research Advisory Committee to advise on
further research in this field. Council readily agreed to this request, and
has nominated Professor C. A. Gibb and Professor P. Lawrence to
represent it on this Committee.

Indian Council of Social Science Research. An invitation has been
received from this newly-formed Council to send a representative from
our Council to visit India for a period of one to two months in the
course of 1970-71. Such a representative would be expected to visit the
main centres of social science research, and to discuss problems of
mutual interest. It was found impossible to find an appropriate person
to accept this invitation in 1970, but the Chairman has agreed to accept
the invitation for late in 1971. This proposal has been warmly received
by the Indian Council for Social Science Research.

Proposal for an Australian Academy of the Social Sciences. In Novem­
ber 1969 Council asked the new Executive Committee to consider
whether the Social Science Research Council of Australia should seek
the status of an Academy similar to the two Academies in the humani­
ties and the natural sciences.

This matter was discussed at length at the meeting of the Executive
Committee on 22 May 1970. The Committee resolved that the Council
should seek the status of an Academy and its members should become
fellows. It agreed, moreover, that the Council should apply for a Royal
Charter to bring about this change of status.
Staff and Accommodation. During the past year the former Assistant Secretary (Mrs. M. O. Maddox) resigned, as her husband and family were returning to England. The Council has been extremely fortunate in finding a successor. Mrs. W. J. Jay, who had formerly been on the staff of the Australian-American Educational Foundation, accepted the post and took up duty on 21 January 1970. The rooms occupied by Council staff in the National Library are pleasant and comfortable and very satisfactory for our present needs. However, the Council’s activities have expanded considerably over the past few years, and it is clear that if the Council achieves its goal of a full-time research secretariat it will have to secure more office accommodation.
PUBLICATIONS SPONSORED OR ASSISTED BY THE COUNCIL

Reports on Major Research Projects


Council's Own Publications


Publications arising from sponsored activities to date

Dr. R. S. Adam: *The Academic Background of Asian Students in Australian Universities* (Mimeograph), University of Western Australia, May, 1966.


Mr. Stanley W. Johnston and Mr. Richard G. Fox: *Correction Handbook of Victoria 1965*, University of Melbourne, December, 1965.

Mr. R. B. Joyce: 'Librarians can Win Historians, and Still Influence Other People', *Archives and Manuscripts*, Vol. 2, No. 3.


Australian Institute of International Affairs, *Australia's Neighbours*, 3rd Series, No. 84.


**Publications subsidised by the Council to date**


Professor B. D. Cameron: 'Australian Transactions Table', *The Economic Record*, Melbourne, December 1957.


SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL OF AUSTRALIA INCORPORATED

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 1970

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>30 June 1969</th>
<th>30 June 1970</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Liabilities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank of New South Wales</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1,389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salaries and other accruals and Sundry Creditors</td>
<td>722</td>
<td>709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants due but not paid</td>
<td>2,100</td>
<td>6,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accumulated Funds:</strong></td>
<td>2,822</td>
<td>8,598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at beginning of Year</td>
<td>13,730</td>
<td>9,014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deficit for Year (transferred from Revenue and Expenditure Account)</td>
<td>4,716</td>
<td>9,014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,038</td>
<td>7,976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Current Assets:</strong></td>
<td>$11,836</td>
<td>$16,574</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>30 June 1969</th>
<th>30 June 1970</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Assets:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank of New South Wales</td>
<td>2,450</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty Cash and Postage Advances</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Bearing Deposits and Investments</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Accrued and Sundry Debtors</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fixed Assets:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Furniture and Equipment (at cost)</td>
<td>1,190</td>
<td>1,255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Current Assets:</strong></td>
<td>$11,836</td>
<td>$16,574</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The books and accounts of the Social Science Research Council of Australia Incorporated have been audited in accordance with the rules of the Council. In my opinion this statement is a true and correct record of the transactions shown in the books and accounts examined by me.

16 August 1970.

### Revenue and Expenditure Statement for the Year ended 30 June 1970

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXPENDITURE</th>
<th>1968-69</th>
<th>1969-70</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salaries</td>
<td>$8,587</td>
<td>$8,906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honorarium to Auditor</td>
<td>$75</td>
<td>$100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honorarium to Public Officer</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stationery and Office Supplies</td>
<td>$349</td>
<td>$281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postages</td>
<td>$190</td>
<td>$186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and Telegrams</td>
<td>$372</td>
<td>$268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Rental and Services</td>
<td>$196</td>
<td>$150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gift to National Library</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Equipment — maintenance</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Equipment Written Off</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing of Publications</td>
<td>$330</td>
<td>$436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of Publications</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>$339</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Administration Expenses</strong></td>
<td><strong>$10,585</strong></td>
<td><strong>$10,970</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REVENUE</th>
<th>1968-69</th>
<th>1969-70</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commonwealth Government Grant</td>
<td>$21,000</td>
<td>$21,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants and Donations, Immigration Project</td>
<td>$30,733</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Members’ Subscriptions</td>
<td>$972</td>
<td>$903</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Received</td>
<td>$608</td>
<td>$664</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales of Publications</td>
<td>$83</td>
<td>$54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deficit (transferred to Accumulated Fund)</td>
<td>$4,716</td>
<td>$1,058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Revenue</strong></td>
<td><strong>$58,112</strong></td>
<td><strong>$23,659</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The books and accounts of the Social Science Research Council of Australia Incorporated have been audited in accordance with the rules of the Council. In my opinion this statement is a true and correct record of the transactions shown in the books and accounts examined by me.

16 August 1970.

### SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL OF AUSTRALIA INCORPORATED

#### IMMIGRATION PROJECT ACCOUNT

Statement of Receipts and Payments for the Year ended 30 June 1970

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RECEIPTS</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at Bank, 1 July 1969</td>
<td>24,147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants and Donations—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dept. of Immigration</td>
<td>16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BP Australia</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myer Foundation (salary grants)</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BHP</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reserve Bank</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parkes Development Pty Ltd.</td>
<td>334</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
<td><strong>53,954</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PAYMENTS</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salaries and Superannuation</td>
<td>17,291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Grants</td>
<td>10,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honoraria to Directors</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel Expenses</td>
<td>668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appointment and Meeting Expenses</td>
<td>599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of Investments</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at Bank, 30 June 1970</td>
<td>9,096</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Payments</strong></td>
<td><strong>53,954</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The books and accounts of the Social Science Research Council (Immigration Project and Aborigines Project) have been audited in accordance with the rules of the Council. In my opinion this statement is a true and correct record of the transactions shown in the books and accounts examined by me.

16 August 1970.


### ABORIGINES PROJECT ACCOUNT

Statement of Receipts and Payments for the Year ended 30 June 1970

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RECEIPTS</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at Bank, 1 July 1969</td>
<td>6,134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Interest</td>
<td>186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
<td><strong>6,320</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PAYMENTS</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Travel Expenses</td>
<td>259</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editorial Expenses</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publication Subsidy to ANU Press</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at Bank, 30 June 1970</td>
<td>2,024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Payments</strong></td>
<td><strong>6,230</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LIST OF CHAIRMEN OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL OF AUSTRALIA

*Dr. K. S. Cunningham: April, 1943 - February, 1952
(Australian Council for Educational Research)

Professor Sir Douglas B. Copland: March, 1952 - August, 1953
(Australian National University)

Mr. (later Sir) Leslie G. Melville: August, 1953 - June, 1958
(Australian National University)

Professor S. J. Butlin: June, 1958 - June, 1962
(University of Sydney)

Professor W. D. Borrie: June, 1962 - October, 1964
(Australian National University)

Professor W. M. O'Neil: October, 1964 - November, 1966
(University of Sydney)

Professor P. H. Partridge: November, 1966 - November, 1969
(Australian National University)

Professor R. I. Downing: November, 1969

* During this period the organisation was constituted as the Social Science Research Committee of the Australian National Research Council of which the Chairman was a member.
MEMBERS OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL OF AUSTRALIA

June 1970

The year of election is shown in brackets.

* indicates overseas member.

ALEXANDER, F., (1944) Emeritus Professor of History, University of Western Australia (Honorary Member).

ANDREWS, John, (1959) Professor of Geography, University of Melbourne.

APPLEYARD, R. T., (1967) Professor of Economic History, University of Western Australia.

ARNDT, H. W., (1954) Professor of Economics, Australian National University.


BEDDIE, B. D., (1968) Professor of Government, Royal Military College, Duntroon.

BENN, S. I., (1965) Senior Fellow in Philosophy, Australian National University.

BERNDT, R. M., (1962) Professor of Anthropology, University of Western Australia.

BORRIE, W. D., (1950) Professor and Director, Research School of Social Sciences, Australian National University.

BOWEN, I., (1961) Professor of Economics, University of Western Australia.

BULL, H. N., (1968) Professor of International Relations, Australian National University.

BURTON, H., (1945) Emeritus Professor of the Australian National University.

BUTLIN, N G., (1956) Professor of Economic History, Australian National University.

BUTLIN, S. J., (1944) Professor of Economics, University of Sydney.

CAMERON, B. D., (1958) Professor of Applied Economics, Australian National University.
CAMPBELL, K. O., (1964) Professor of Agricultural Economics, University of Sydney.

CHAMBERS, R. J., (1964) Professor of Accounting, University of Sydney.

CHAMPION, R. A., (1968) Professor of Psychology, University of Sydney.

CLARK, C. M. H., (1962) Professor of History, Australian National University.

CONNELL, W. F., (1964) Professor of Education, University of Sydney.

COOMBS, H. C., (1943) 119 Milson Road, Cremorne, Sydney.

COWEN, Z., (1952) Emeritus Professor, Vice-Chancellor, University of New England.

CRAWFORD, Sir John, (1944) Emeritus Professor and Vice-Chancellor, Australian National University.

CRISP, L. F., (1956) Professor of Political Science, Australian National University.

CUNNINGHAM, Dr. K. S., (1943) 11 Wedge Court, Glen Waverley, Vic. (elected to honorary membership 1965).


DAVIES, A. F., (1965) Professor of Political Science, University of Melbourne.

DAVIS, S. R., (1964) Professor of Politics, Monash University.

DAY, R. H., (1967) Professor of Psychology, Monash University.

DERHAM, D. P., (1967) Professor and Vice-Chancellor, University of Melbourne.

DOWNING, R. I., (1956) Professor of Economic Research, University of Melbourne.

EDWARDS, H. R., (1964) Professor of Economic and Financial Studies, Macquarie University.

ELKIN, A. P., (1943) Emeritus Professor of Anthropology, University of Sydney (elected to honorary membership 1965).

ENCCEL, S., (1967) Professor of Sociology, University of New South Wales.

EPSTEIN, Professor A. L., (1968) Department of Anthropology and Sociology, Australian National University.
FITZGERALD, C. P., (1953) Emeritus Professor of Far Eastern History, Australian National University.

GATES, R. C., (1968) Professor of Economics, University of Queensland.

GEDDES, W. R., (1960) Professor of Social Anthropology, University of Sydney.

GIBB, C. A., (1956) Professor of Psychology, Australian National University.

GOLDBERG, L., (1969) Professor of Accounting, University of Melbourne.

GREENWOOD, G., (1956) Professor of History, University of Queensland.

GREENWOOD, R. H., (1964) Professor of Geography, University of Queensland.

HANCOCK, K. J. (1968) Professor of Economics, Flinders University of South Australia.


HOGBIN, D., (1943) Professorial Fellow in Anthropology, Macquarie University.

HUNTER, Dr. A., (1964) Professorial Fellow, Australian National University.

KAMENKA, Dr. E., (1969) Professorial Fellow in Philosophy, Australian National University.

KARMEL, P. H., (1952) Emeritus Professor of Economics, Vice-Chancellor, Flinders University of South Australia.


LAWRENCE, P., (1967) Professor of Anthropology and Sociology, University of Queensland.

LAWTON, G. H., (1959) Professor of Geography, University of Adelaide.

LEGGE, J. D., (1964) Professor of History, Monash University.
McARTHUR, Dr. Norma R., (1964) Professorial Fellow in Demography, Australian National University.

*MACDONAGH, O. O. G. M., (1965) Professor of History, University College, Cork.

MARTIN, A. W., (1967) Professor of History, La Trobe University.

*MARWICK, M. G., (1965) Professor of Sociology, Stirling, Scotland.


MAYER, H., (1965) Professor of Political Theory, University of Sydney.

MELVILLE, Sir Leslie, (1943) 71 Stonehaven Crescent, Deakin, A.C.T.

MILLER, J. D. B., (1967) Professor of International Relations, Australian National University.

MONRO, D. H., (1964) Professor of Philosophy, Monash University.

MUNN, N. L., (1964) Professor of Psychology, University of Adelaide.

OESER, O. A., (1947) Professor of Psychology, University of Melbourne.

O'NEIL, W. M., (1944) Emeritus Professor of Psychology, Deputy Vice-Chancellor, University of Sydney.

PARKER, R. S., (1959) Professor of Political Science, Australian National University.

PARTRIDGE, P. H., (1945) Professor of Social Philosophy, Research School of Social Sciences, Australian National University.

PASSMORE, J. A., (1943) Professor of Philosophy, Australian National University.


PREST, W., (1944) Professor of Economics, University of Melbourne.

PRICE, Dr. C. A., (1967) Professorial Fellow in Demography, Australian National University.

*ROWAN, D. C., (1959) Professor of Economics, University of Southampton.
ROWLEY, C. D., (1968) Professor of Political Studies, University of Papua and New Guinea.
SAWER, G., (1952) Professor of Law, Australian National University.
SCOTT, Peter, (1964) Professor of Geography, University of Tasmania.
SHATWELL, K. O., (1948) Professor of Law, University of Sydney.
SPANN, R. N., (1956) Professor of Government and Public Administration, University of Sydney.
SPATE, O. H. K., (1954) Professor and Director of the Research School of Pacific Studies, Australian National University.
STONE, Julius, (1943) Professor of International Law and Jurisprudence, University of Sydney.
STOUT, A. K., (1943) Emeritus Professor of Philosophy, 12 Lambert Avenue, Sandy Bay, Tasmania.
SUTCLIFFE, J. P., (1964) Professor of Psychology, University of Sydney.
SWAN, T. W., (1954) Professor of Economics, Australian National University.
TUCKER, G. S. L., (1965) Professor of Economic History, Australian National University.
WARD, J. M., (1954) Professor of History, University of Sydney.
WHITE, Sir Harold, (1943), 27 Mugga Way, Canberra.
WILLIAMS, B. R., (1968) Professor and Vice-Chancellor of the University of Sydney.
YATES, A. J., (1967) Professor of Psychology, University of Western Australia.
ZUBRZYCKI, J., (1967) Professor of Sociology, Australian National University.